Limiting Reactants & Percent Yield Practice Problems

- 1. The reaction between solid sodium and iron(III) oxide is one in a series of reactions that inflates an automobile airbag: $6Na(s) + Fe_2O_3(s) \rightarrow 3Na_2O(s) + 2Fe(s)$. If 100.0 g of Na and 100.0 g of Fe₂O₃ are used in the reaction, determine the following:
 - A. Limiting Reactant :
 - B. Reactant in Excess :
 - C. Mass of Solid Iron Produced (use limiting reactant moles)

D. Mass of Excess Reactant (after the reaction is complete)

- 2. Photosynthesis reactions in green plants use carbon dioxide and water to produce glucose (C₆H₁₂O₆) and oxygen. A plant has 88.0 g of carbon dioxide and 64.0 g of water available for photosynthesis.
 - A. Write the balanced chemical equation for the reaction.
 - B. Determine the Limiting Reactant :
 - C. Determine the Excess Reactant :

D. Determine the Mass of Glucose Produced (use limiting reactant moles)

E. Determine the Mass in Excess (after the reaction is complete)

- 3. In an experiment, you combine 83.77 g of iron with an excess of sulfur and then heat the mixture to obtain iron (III) sulfide.
 - A. Write out the balanced equation.
 - B. What is the theoretical yield, in grams, of iron (III) sulfide.
 - C. If 152.3 g of iron (III) sulfide is obtained, what is the percent yield?

4. In a reaction, 1.912 moles of zinc react with iodine to produce zinc iodide.

- A. Write out the balanced equation.
- B. How many grams of zinc iodide are produced in the reaction?

C. If 515.6 g of zinc iodide is actually produced, what is the percent yield?

5. In a reaction, 20.0 g of copper react with silver nitrate.

- A. Write out the balanced equation.
- B. How many grams of silver are produced in the reaction?

C. If 60.0 g of silver is actually produced, what is the percent yield?