

# Guided Reading Activity

## 15-2

### Reactions to Stress

For use with textbook pages 420-429

Fast-food work = Is it healthy?

Directions: Recalling the Facts Use the information in your textbook to answer the questions.

1. Why can't stress reactions be clearly categorized as physical, psychological, or behavioral?

Human body is holistic (all-in-one)

Physical well-being affects how we think and behave

2. What physical reactions occur when a person is faced with any stressor? immediate arousal

(Adrenal glands release adrenaline, which ↑ heart rate, breathing)

3. Why is the body's response to stress called the "fight-or-flight response"? Body is preparing for self-defense (flight = run away; fight = take a stand)

4. What are the stages of the general adaptation syndrome?

① Alarm - fight or flight defenses  
② Resistance - cope with stressor    ③ Exhaustion - when stress continues

5. What happens to the body when exposed to continuous stress for a very long time?

Adrenal glands maxed out / Causes exhaustion, disorientation, delusions

6. What is the difference between anger and fear?

Anger = reaction to frustration    Fear = reaction to real danger    → mind teasers

7. What are some short-term cognitive stress reactions?

① Recurring thoughts    ② Poor decision making

8. What are some short-term behavioral changes that result from stress?

① Developing nervous habits  
② Gulping meals    ③ Smoking + Drinking + Drugs    ④ Tired for no reason

9. What are some examples of "escapist" personality styles that severe stress may foster?

Alcoholism / Drug Addiction / Chronic Unemployment / Attempted Suicide

10. Are psychosomatic symptoms real or imagined? Explain.

Real physical symptoms that are caused by stress or tension

11. Why are people with Type A personalities likely to have coronary artery disease at an early age?

Have a constant flow of adrenaline, which acts with cholesterol to block arteries.

12. What is the likely link between physical disorders and control over stressors?

Physical disorders = result from lack of control of stressors

13. How does social support affect stress-related diseases?

Social support can reduce both the likelihood and severity of stress-related diseases

