

Recreational Activities

I. Shooting Sports

1. Identify the goals of each of the following DNR educational shooting organizations :

- Explore Bowhunting : connects students with the outdoors (not just bowhunting) using 23 activities about topics such as bowhunting, building blinds, using calls, dressing game animals, + whitetailed deer
- (SCTP) Iowa Scholastic Clay Target Program : Uses clay target sports of trap, skeet, + sporting clays to instill life skills of discipline, safety, teamwork, ethics, mental focus, self-discipline, + confidence in Iowa's youth
- (NASP) National Archery in the Schools Program : promotes education + participation in the sport of archery in 4-12 physical education classes (joint venture between DNR + Department of Education)
- (SASP) Scholastic Action Shooting Program : team-based youth development program (grade school-college) that uses pistols, rifles, + steel targets with a State Championship in June

2. Identify the wildlife management area with a shooting range in Scott County.

Princeton Wildlife Management Area → (3/4 wetland, 1/4 timber)
 ↳ (Deer, Turkey, Squirrel, Waterfowl, Dove)

II. Canoeing & Kayaking

1. How many miles of navigable streams are in the state of Iowa?

18,000 miles

2. Define the term Water Trail.

Water Trail - recreational corridors + routes on rivers + lakes that reconnect Iowans to waterways' history, heritage, geology, fisheries, + wildlife

3. List five amenities that water trails offer to paddlers.

1. Riverside Camping
2. Wild Spaces
3. Picnic Areas
4. Restrooms
5. Watercraft Rentals

III. Iowa State Parks & Forest Trails

1. List four leisure activities that can be performed on Iowa State Park & Forest trails.

1. Hiking
2. Biking
3. Cross Country Skiing
4. Mountain Biking

2. What organization created many state park & forest trails in the 1930's?

Civilian Conservation Corps

Name _____

3. List the four Statewide Bike Routes, mileage, connected state parks, & travel features.

1. Bike Route : Central Iowa Mileage : 91 miles
Connected State Parks : Big Creek, Ledges, Springbrook
Travel Features : Relatively flat, picturesque: ^{Big} Moines River, Raccoon River
2. Bike Route : Lake To Lake Mileage : 50 miles
Connected State Parks : Pine Lake, George Wyth
Travel Features : Iowa River Valley, lush + green rolling hills
3. Bike Route : Northeast Iowa Mileage : 130 miles
Connected State Parks : Wapsipicon, Pikes Peak, Backbone
Travel Features : Breathtaking Bluffs, Tree-topped hills, Rollercoaster roads, ^{Meandering rivers}
4. Bike Route : Southeast Iowa Mileage : 46 miles
Connected State Parks : Lacey-Keosauqua, Geode
Travel Features : Woodlands, Pastures, Lush cornfields, Rolling Hills

IV. Equestrian Campsites

1. List the equestrian campgrounds in Iowa State Parks, Forests, or Recreation Areas.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. <u>Brushy Creek Recreational Area</u> - Webster County | 6. <u>Elk Rock State Park</u> - Marion County |
| 2. <u>Lake of Three Fires State Park</u> - Taylor County | 7. <u>Nine Eagles State Park</u> - Decatur County |
| 3. <u>Shimela State Forest</u> - Van Buren County | 8. <u>Stephen State Forest</u> - Lucas County |
| 4. <u>Volga River State Recreation Area</u> - Fayette County | 9. <u>Waubesaie State Park</u> - Fremont County |
| 5. <u>Yellow River State Forest</u> - Allamakee County | |

2. What paperwork must owners of horses, mules, or donkeys from another state possess?

1. Certificate of Veterinary Inspection 2. negative Coggin's Test

3. How much is the additional equestrian campsite fee? \$ 3.00

V. Boating

1. List the top three violations of Iowa boaters.

1. Various Registration Violations
2. Inadequate Life Jackets
3. Improper Speed or Distance

No Registration

- Inflatable
- less than 7ft
- no motor or sail
- Canoes, kayakers
- less than 13ft
- no motor or sail

2. Which statement is false concerning registering a vessel in the state of Iowa?

- a. An Iowa Registration Certificate & registration decals are required to operate a vessel.
- ☒ b. Inflatable vessels, canoes, & kayaks ^{may} always require registration.
- c. Registration numbers & decals should be on both sides of the forward half of the vessel.
- d. Letters must be separated from numbers by a space or hyphen.

3. Which statement is false concerning life jacket usage?

- a. Vessels must have one USCG-approved, Type I, II, III, or IV life jacket per person.
- ☒ b. A throwable Type IV flotation device must be on board vessels 16 feet or ~~less~~ ^{longer}.
- c. USCG-approved life jackets are required when being towed on water skis or surfboards.
- d. Life jackets must be serviceable, readily accessible, and of the proper size.

4. Which statement is false concerning vessel speed or distance?

- a. In "No Wake Zones" vessel speed should be slow enough to not produce a wake.
- b. A vessel should travel less than 5 mph within 100 ft. of a vessel moving at 5 mph.
- c. A vessel should travel less than 5 mph within 50 ft. of a vessel moving more than 5 mph.
- d. A vessel should travel less than 10 mph within 300 ft. of an inland shoreline.

All Correct!

VI. All-Terrain Vehicles1. Which of the following statements is false concerning ATV laws & regulations?

- a. The rate of speed of an ATV must be reasonable under existing circumstances.
- b. Driving an ATV under the influence of liquor or drugs is illegal.
- c. A lighted headlight and taillight is required on an ATV from sunset to sunrise.
- ☒ d. A licensed driver ^{not} may operate an ATV on roadways or highways.
- e. ATV drivers between ages 12 and 17 must have an ATV education certificate on hand.
- f. A non-land owner ATV operator or rider may not ride with a loaded or uncased firearm.
- g. The number of riders of an ATV must not exceed the allowable design limits.

Farm Exemption
- sunrise to sunset for farm useVII. Snowmobiles1. Which of the following statements is false concerning snowmobile laws & regulations?

- ☒ a. It is ~~legal~~ ^{illegal} to chase or use a snowmobile to assist in the taking of a game animal.
- b. A snowmobile may not be driven within 5 ft. of a highway unless stopping & crossing.
- c. Snowmobile drivers ages 12 -17 must have a snowmobile education certificate on hand.
- d. Extreme caution should be used when crossing lakes or riding rivers with a snowmobile.
- e. Never ride a snowmobile alone; it is best to ride with a passenger or a group.
- f. A snowmobile driver should wear a proper helmet, layered clothing, gloves, & footwear.
- g. At night, never override the headlights of a snowmobile.