

$v = \text{speed}$
 $f = \text{frequency}$
 $\lambda = \text{wavelength}$

$$\text{Hz} = \frac{\text{vibrations}}{\text{second}}$$
$$\left(f = \frac{v}{\lambda} \right) \quad (v = f \cdot \lambda)$$
$$\left(\lambda = \frac{v}{f} \right)$$

Waves Practice Problems

1. A wave with a frequency of 60.0 Hertz travels through steel with a wavelength of 85.5 meters. What is the speed of this wave?

$$v = f \cdot \lambda$$

$$v = (60.0 \text{ Hz})(85.5 \text{ m})$$
$$= 5,130 \text{ m/sec.}$$

2. A dolphin can typically hear sounds with frequencies up to 150,000 Hertz. What is the speed of sound in water if a wave with this frequency has a wavelength of 0.01 meter?

$$v = f \cdot \lambda$$

$$v = (150,000 \text{ Hz})(0.01 \text{ m})$$
$$= 1,500 \text{ m/sec.}$$

3. The lowest pitch that the average human can hear has a frequency of 20.0 Hertz. If sound with this frequency travels through air with a speed of 331 meters/second, what is its wavelength?

$$\lambda = \frac{v}{f}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{331 \text{ m/s}}{20.0 \text{ Hz}} = 16.55 \text{ m}$$

4. Sonar is a device that uses reflected sound waves to measure underwater depths. If a sonar signal has a frequency of 288 Hertz and the speed of sound in water is 1,450 meters/second, what is the wavelength of the sonar signal?

$$\lambda = \frac{v}{f}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1,450 \text{ m/s}}{288 \text{ Hz}} = 5.03 \text{ m}$$

5. Cicadas produce a buzzing sound that has a wavelength in air of 2.69 meters. If the speed of sound in air is 346 meters/second, what is the frequency of the sound produced by a cicada?

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$

$$f = \frac{346 \text{ m/s}}{2.69 \text{ m}} = 128.62 \text{ Hz}$$

6. One of the largest organ pipes is in the auditorium organ in the convention hall in Atlantic City, New Jersey. The pipe is 38.6 feet long and produces a sound with a wavelength of about 10.6 meters. If the speed of sound in air is 346 meters/second, what is the frequency of this sound?

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$

$$f = \frac{346 \text{ m/s}}{10.6 \text{ m}} = 32.64 \text{ Hz}$$

7. A sunbather counts how often waves reach the shore. She determines that one wave reaches the shore every 2.3 seconds. What is the frequency of these waves?

$$f = \frac{1}{T}$$

$$f = \frac{1}{2.3 \text{ sec.}} = 0.435 \text{ Hz}$$

8. A speaker vibrates at a frequency of 200 Hertz. What is its period?

$$f = \frac{1}{T}$$

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$$T = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{200 \text{ Hz}} = 0.005 \text{ sec.}$$